

NYK Group Decarbonization Story

Decarbonization Group ESG Strategy Headquarters, NYK Line

November 2023



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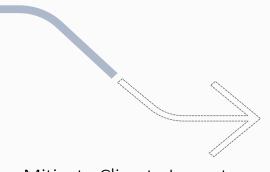


01. Purpose and Logbook of the Journey



02-1

GHG Reduction and Removal Plan



Mitigate Climate Impact



Concept for Sustainable Growth



Facilitate Business Development



Chapter 01

Purpose and Logbook of the Journey



Purpose

We are all navigating in a sea of uncertainty.

The goals of this story are as follows:

- 1. Set a course for decarbonization
- 2. Encourage reader's participation and engagement
- *3. Realize sustainable growth through the journey*



Standing at a critical moment for humanity in the global warming crisis, our stakeholders are concerned about our business resilience and our capability to cope with the climate agenda.

In response we are showing the world our bold vision and concrete actions as a part of a strategy to walk a climate-positive path together with likeminded partners united by a shared ambition.

A will finds a way.

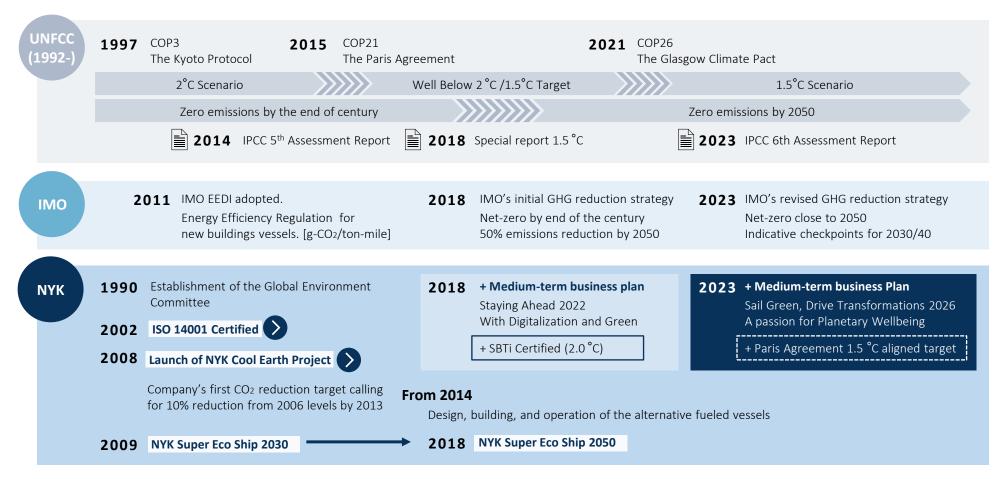
This is the NYK Group Decarbonization Story.

Let all lines go and set sail for a decarbonized future. Our journey has already started.

History of the NYK Group's environmental agenda



Our journey thus far shows that our "passion for planetary wellbeing" is on solid ground to continuous actions against climate change, enabling us to stay one step ahead to lead the industry.



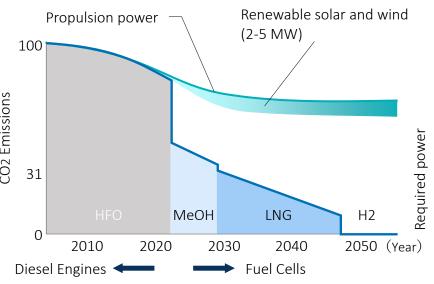
IMO: International Maritime Organization, EEDI: Energy Efficiency Design Index, SBTi: Scienced Based Targets initiatives, CS: Cross-sector

A Passion for a zero-emission ship (1/3)

- In 2009, NYK designed NYK Super Eco Ship 2030 as a concept ship to mark the midpoint of the journey toward zero emissions by 2050.
 - Ships are the most environmentally friendly mode of transportation, but as the global economy develops and trade increases, the number of ships in the world also increases, leading to concerns about an increase in GHG emissions.
 - In order for ships to continue to be environmentally friendly means of transportation that can contribute to the development of the global economy, the NYK Group has envisioned what ships will look like in 2030 and has been developing technology toward that vision.

NYK Super Eco Ship 2030

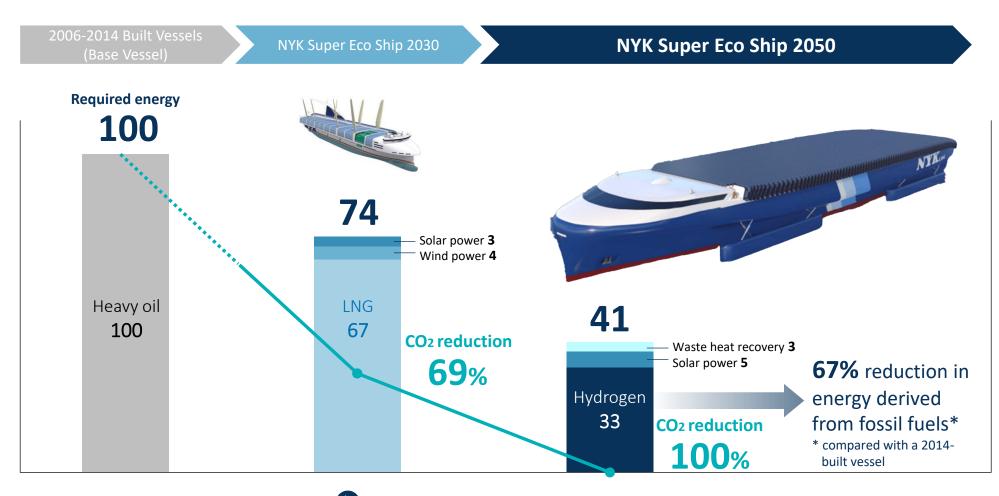




A Passion for a zero-emission ship (2/3)



In 2018, the NYK Group unveiled a new future concept ship: NYK SUPER ECO SHIP 2050, which incorporates innovative technologies that will result in an emission-free vessel by 2050.





A Passion for a zero-emission ship (3/3)



NYK has taken a first-mover advantage by becoming a leader in concept design, technical management of newbuilds, operation, and maintenance of oceangoing vessels powered by alternative fuels.

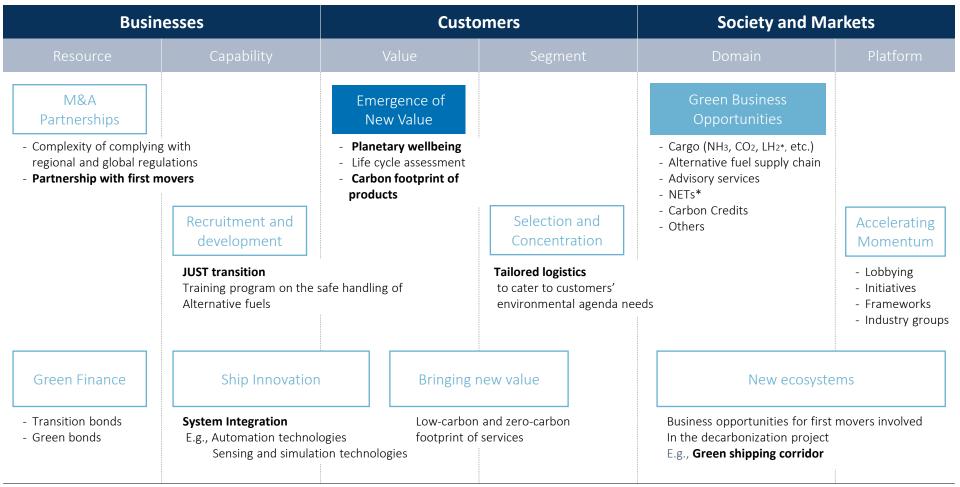
Alternative Fuel	LCV (MJ/kg)	Density (ton/m³)	Conceptual Design	First Ship Delivery Ship Type, Year, Ship Name, Builder	No. of Ships in 2030*1
LNG (about 1.9)	50.0	0.420	2009 NYK SES 2030	Tug: 2015, Sakigake, Keihin Dock Co., Ltd. LNG Bunkering Vessel: 2017, Green Zeebrugge* ² , Hanjin Heavy Industry Car Carrier: 2016, Auto Eco, KHI/NACKS 2020, Sakura Leader, Shin Kurushima Dockyard Bulk Carrier: 2023, Shoyo, Oshima Shipyard	40 vessels
LPG	46.0	0.448	N/A	VLGC: 2022, Lupinus Planet, KHI	8 vessels
Methanol	19.9	0.796	2009 NYK SES 2030	MR Product Tanker: 2019, Takaroa Sun, Hyundai Mipo Dockyard	3 vessels
Ammonia	18.8	0.674	2022 AFAGC, ABV (AiP awarded)	Tug: 2024, TBA, Keihin Dock (Conversion) AGC: 2026, TBA, Nihon Shipyard	3 vessels

1 The number of ships is based of management plans as of 2023

*2 ex. ENGIE Zeebrugge



With a growing consensus forming across all sectors to reach net-zero emissions by 2050, a transformation in business, customer preferences, and society and markets is emerging.



*LH2: Liquefied Hydrogen *NETs: Negative Emission Technologies © 2023. NYK Group. All rights reserved.

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Chapter 02

Decarbonization Strategy



The Objectives of Our Decarbonization Strategy

Our decarbonization strategy aims to manage increasing **carbon risk** and to realize the **decoupling** of business growth and environmental impact based on the following objectives.



Fulfilling our responsibilities with respect to climate change

• Complying with relevant regulations and reducing GHG emissions from our business, including supply-chain emissions, to fulfil our social responsibility and meet stakeholder expectations.



Building a resilient business portfolio

• Building a resilient business portfolio and to remain competitive by managing increasing carbon risk.



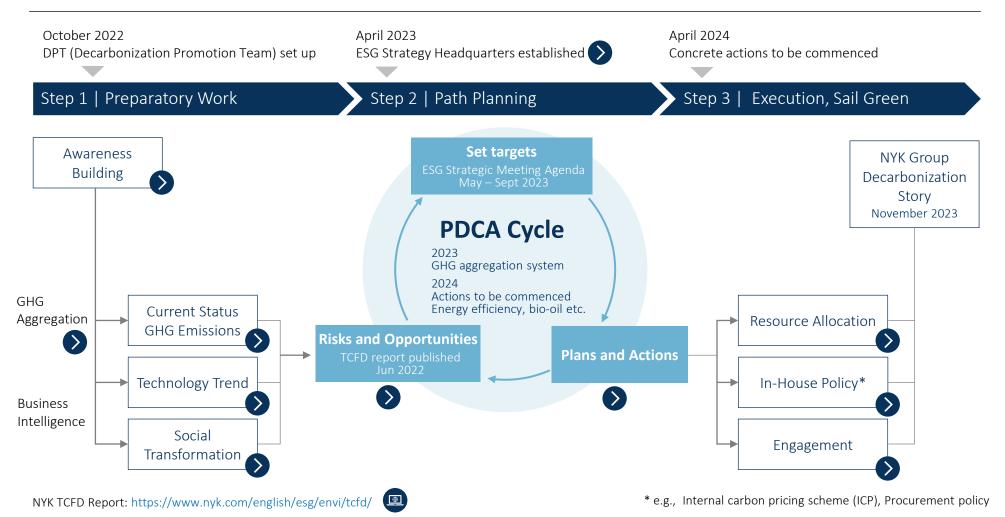
Embracing new business opportunities

• Welcoming new business opportunities in the transition to carbon neutrality.

Propelling decarbonization strategy forward



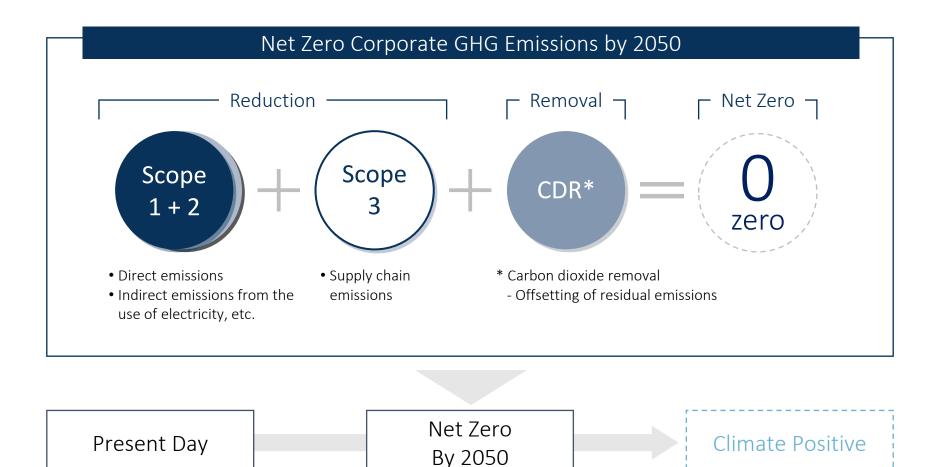
- The decarbonization strategy is being steadily carried out at all stages, from preparation and planning to execution.
 - Further, process management based on ISO 14001 (EMS) will be entrenched across.



Path planning – Setting a target: Definition of net zero



Our definition of net zero in the 2050 target is clarified to involve carbon removal.



Path planning – Setting a target (1/2)



Ready to set ambitious targets

Social transformation responding to the threat of climate change has become a major trend in full swing.

- The world is accelerating its efforts to balance greenhouse gas emissions and sinks by the second half of this century. We are invited to develop and communicate long-term strategies for a lower and zero-emission society.
- The nature of growth has changed for companies. As uncertainty increases, it is necessary to build a resilient business portfolio and to take the opportunity during the transition to actively communicate the sustainability initiatives of the NYK group to stakeholders.

A big gap exists between the backcasting from the decarbonized society we aim for and the forecast from status quo.

- Will renewable energy and decarbonized fuels become sufficiently produced and available all over the world? Will innovation bridge the gap?
- Gap remains unless we take actions. "Without dreams we have no ideas. Without ideas, we have no plans. No plan, no action, Without action, we can't succeed at all." Shoin Yoshida, Distinguished Intellectual, 1830-1859

Abandon the idea of achievable goals and be prepared to set goals that may not be achievable"

- A carbon budget (*400-500 Giga ton-CO2e) is presented to each of us to curb irreversible climate change around the world.
- In order to become a collaborator for taking climate actions that humanity as a whole desires, it is necessary to show that our efforts and actions are not self-righteous but rather fully aligned with others to achieve collective goals through collaboration with global initiatives.
- Decarbonize logistics, without which the decarbonization of all industries is not possible.
- With long timelines and an uncertain future, strive to spur technical and business innovation rather than rely on current ways of thinking and technology
- "Where there's a will, there is a way" Abraham Lincoln, 16th President of United States, 1809-1865

Path planning – Setting a target (2/2)



The NYK Group aims to realize a sustainable society based on a conviction to lead the world toward decarbonization. Accordingly, we will clearly demonstrate our high aspirations and stance of actively promoting decarbonization initiatives both inside and outside of the Group.

NYK Group Revised GHG Target 2023 aligned with global pathway to 1.5 Deg. C



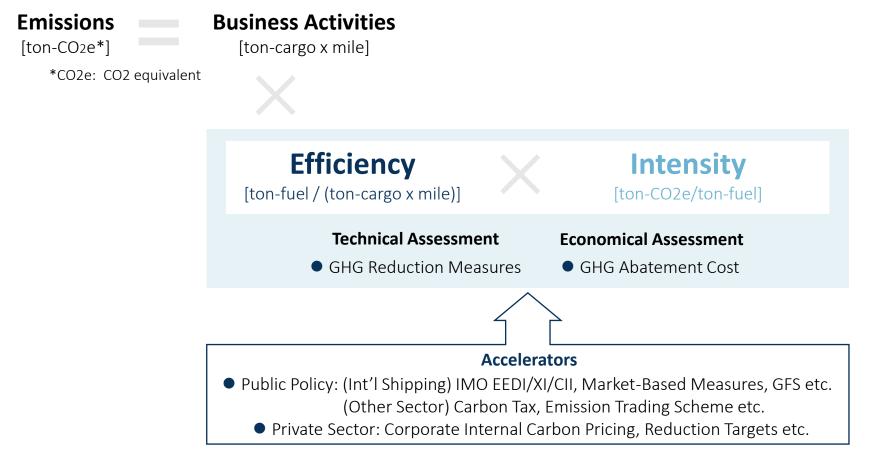


Chapter 02-1

GHG Reduction and Removal Plan



Aiming to maintain business activity to fulfill responsibility as a part of social infrastructure, our goals are to maximize energy efficiency and minimize carbon intensity.



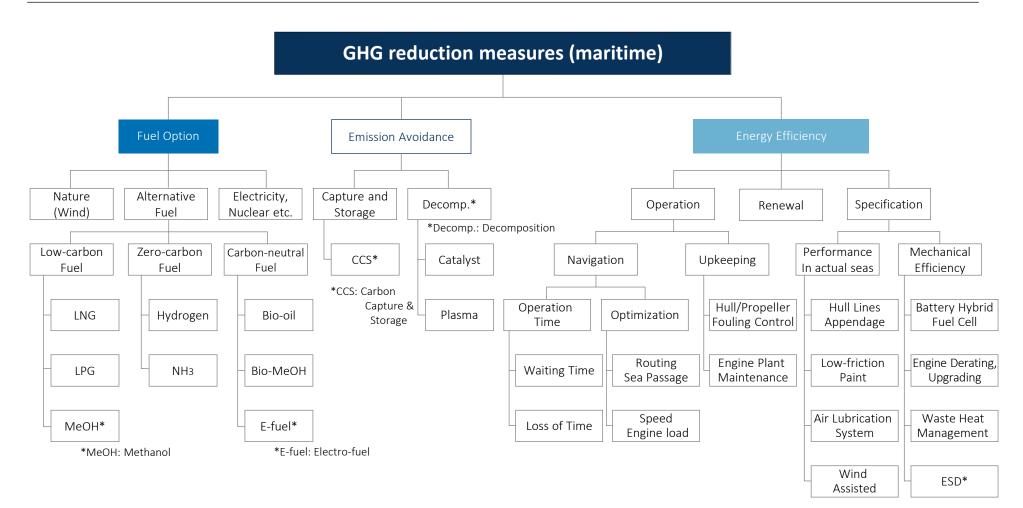
*EEDI: Energy efficiency design index for newbuilding, EEXI: EEDI for existing vessel, CII: Carbon Intensity Indicator, GFS: GHG fuel standard,

See the Appendix for information on the current situation of world shipping activity and energy efficiency.

Identified shipping reduction measures



All hands on deck with every possible measure to reduce GHG emission.
We do expect other innovative options to be a part of this important role together.

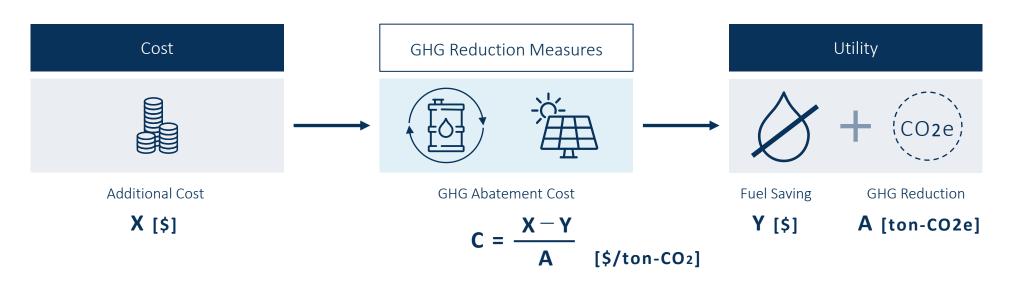


*ESD: Energy Saving Device

GHG abatement cost and Internal Carbon Prince (ICP)



Abatement costs have emerged as a key tool to drive the decarbonization of economies, reduce decarbonization cost and assess the efficiency of a technology.



- ICP is a mechanism to price carbon within a company to use it as an incentive to promote decarbonization, to identify the risks and opportunities, or to guide investment decisions.
 - It is also possible to control the emissions of an entire company depending on the scope of application of the ICP and the setting of prices. NYK started using ICP in 2021 as an impact visualizer and is now moving on to the second stage to extend its utilization to the investments and the evaluation of businesses performance.
 - Our ICPs set in 2023 are \$120 from 2023 to 2026, \$200 from 2027 to 2030, and \$250 after 2030.

GHG reduction technologies - Reduction potential and its abatement cost



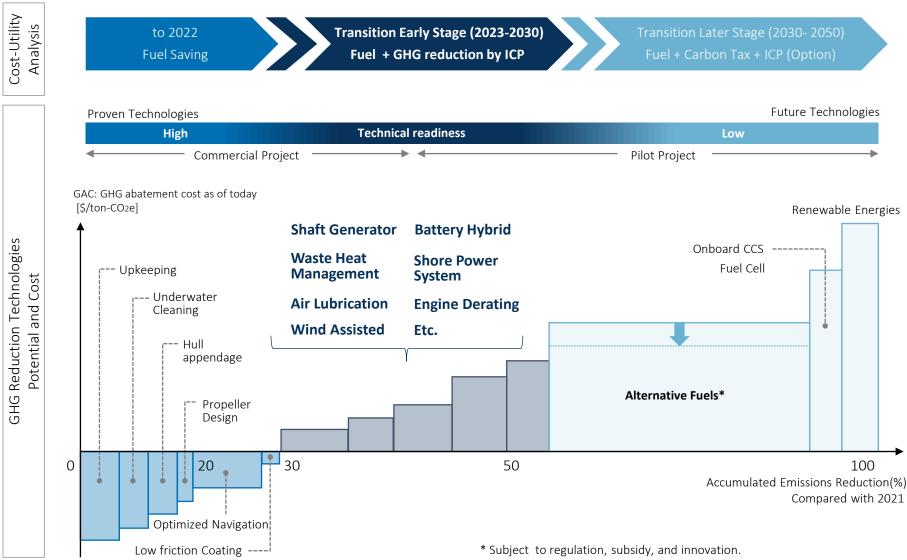


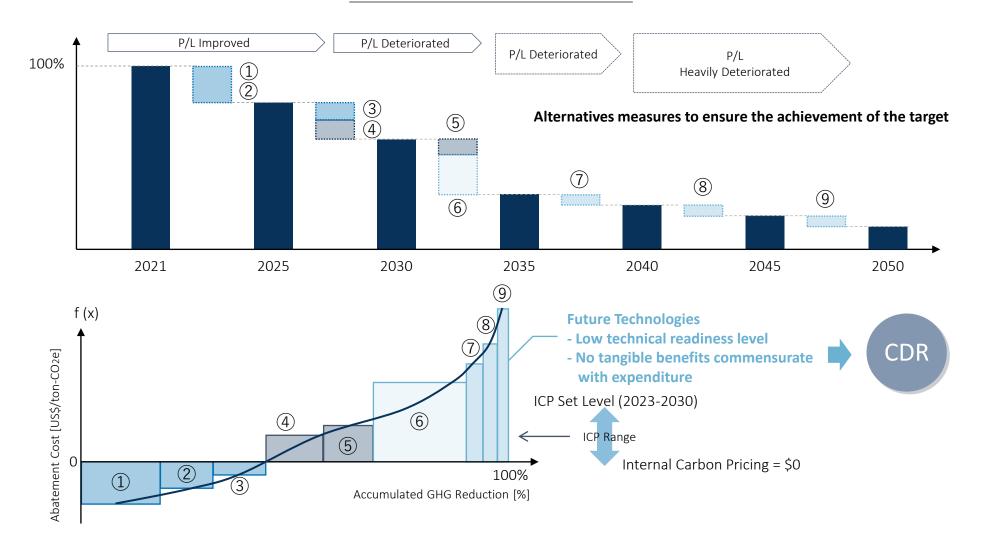
Figure: Abatement Cost Evaluation for GHG mitigation measures (Illustration only)

Especially GAC will be reduced by carbon tax such as EU-ETS (2024 onward), FuelEU Maritime (2025 onward) or IMO's medium-term measures (2027 onward).

GHG trajectory and its economic impact assessment



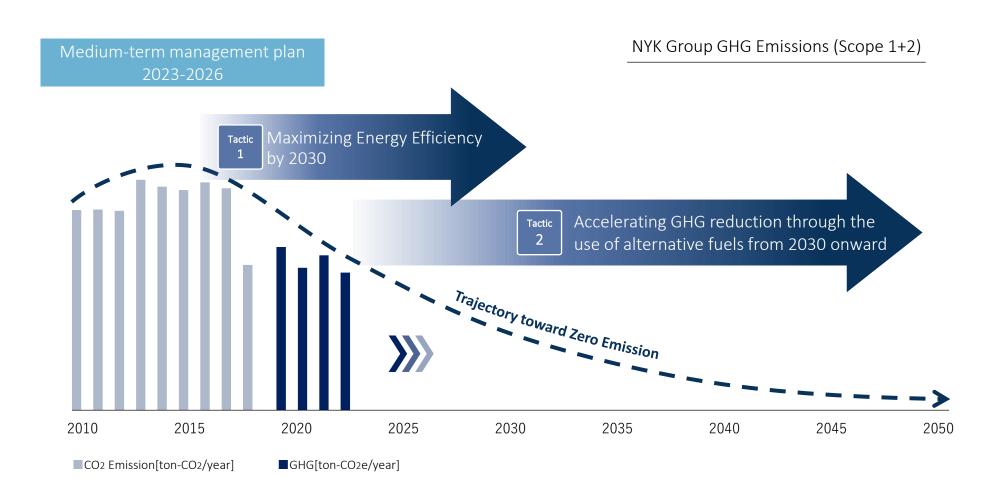
GHG Scope-1 Emissions [CO2e-ton]



Prioritizing the reduction of GHG scope 1 + 2 emissions



The trajectory toward zero emissions shows how NYK Group plans to reduce its GHG emissions with tactics of energy efficiency and alternative fuels.

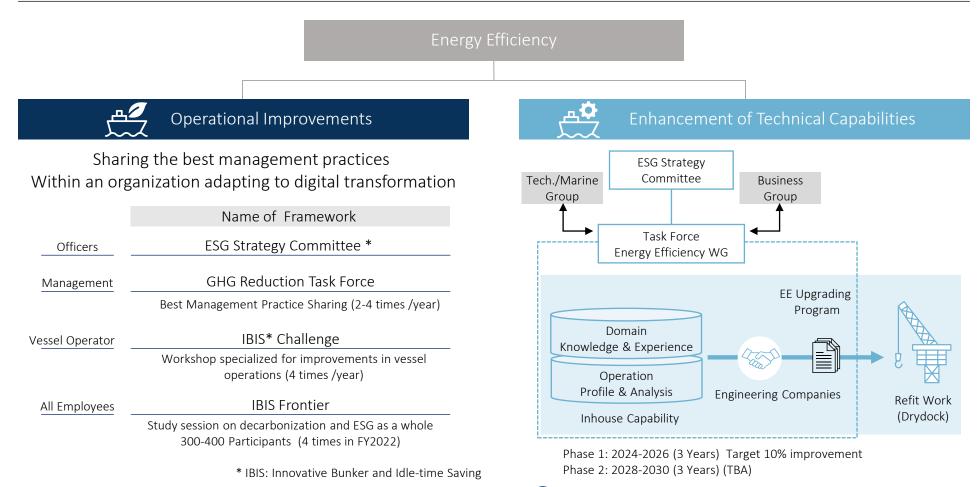


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Tactic 1: Maximize energy efficiency by 2030



- Due to the limited access to zero-carbon and carbon-neutral fuels before 2030, it is prudent to maximize the energy efficiency of the existing fleet through various options.
 - Keywords: Operational optimization (Passage planning, Navigating speed, hull conditions, Arrival time etc.) Fouling control, Performance improvement in actual seas, Engine optimization and partnerships

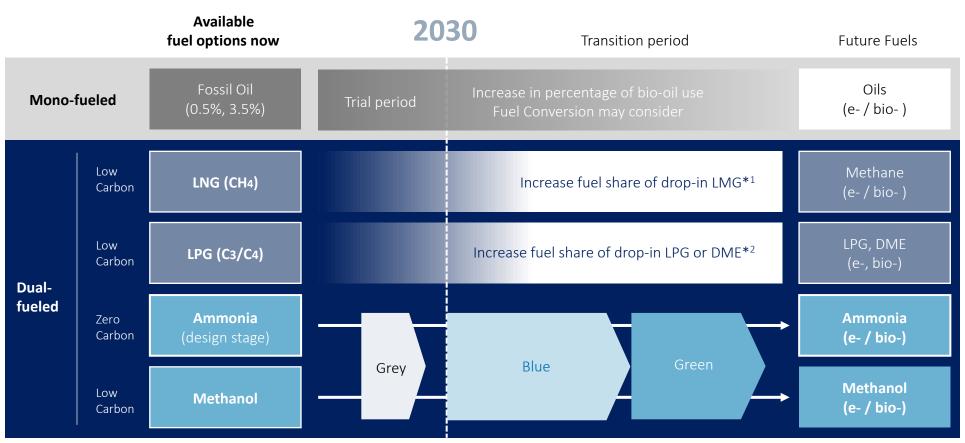


* ESG Strategy Committee : See Appendix "Decarbonization governing structure"

Tactic 2: Acceleration of GHG reduction through the use of alternative fuels



- We will build a resilient fleet through immediate reductions that include considerations for other environmental impacts (such as oil spill risk, SOx, NOx, and black carbon) in the transition.
 - Onboard CCS may play an important role in the transition subject to the maturity of the CO₂ supply chain.



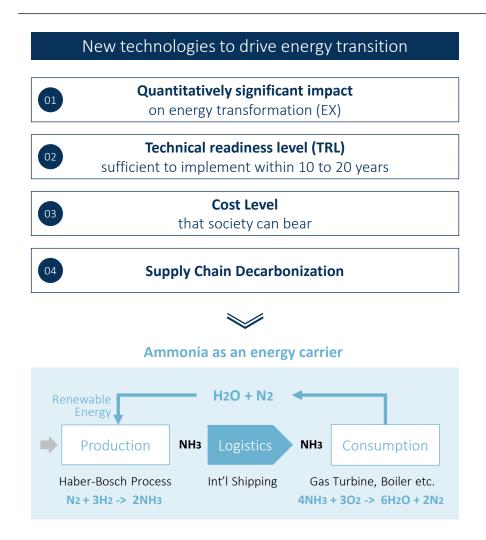
For simplicity, the secondary fuel like MDO/MGO is omitted.

*1 LMG: Liquefied renewable Methane Gas *2 DME: Dimethyl ether

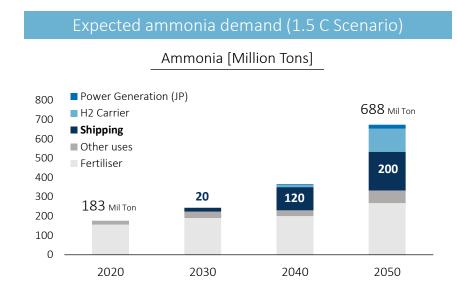
Ammonia energy carrier for maritime decarbonization (1/2)



Industry is showing clear signals in moving clean ammonia technologies forward.



Reference: Cross-ministerial Strategic Innovation Promotion Program in Japan



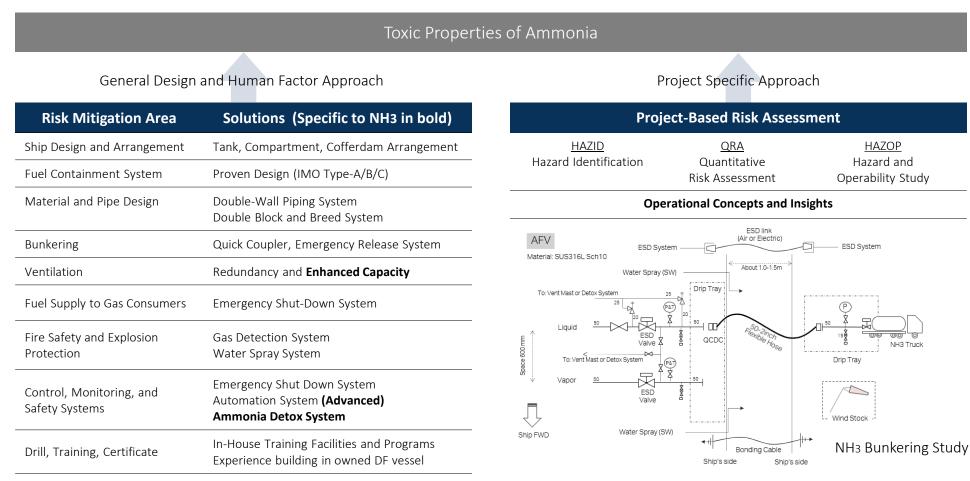


Source: IRENA Innovation Outlook Ammonia (2022)

Ammonia energy carrier for maritime decarbonization (2/2)

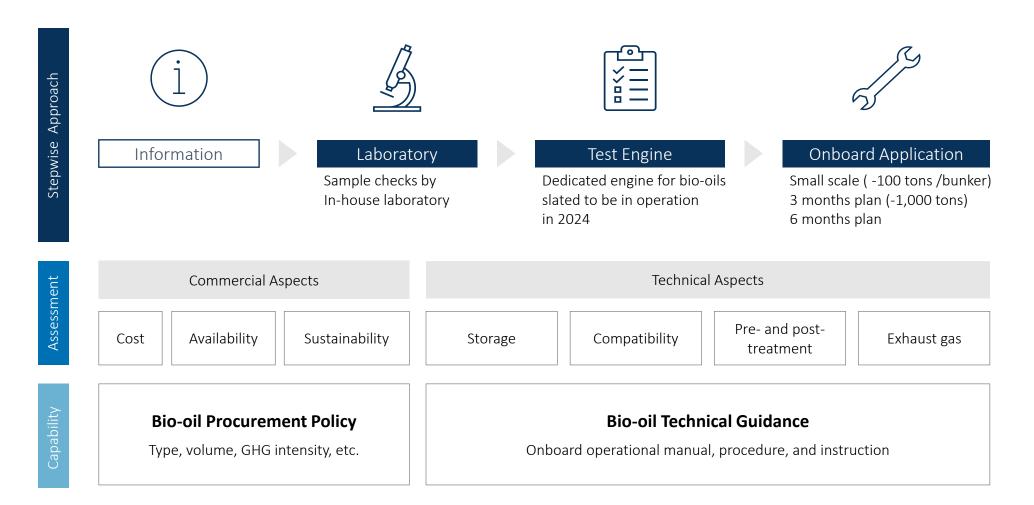


- ✓ Use of gas as ship's fuel requires specific measures to ensure safe operation.
 - The challenge remains how to control the risk of toxicity when gas is leaked or accidentally released into the atmosphere. Lowering said risk to an acceptable level through technical solutions and further risk reductions via our operational excellence in gas carriers could help.



Tactic 2: Use of bio-oils

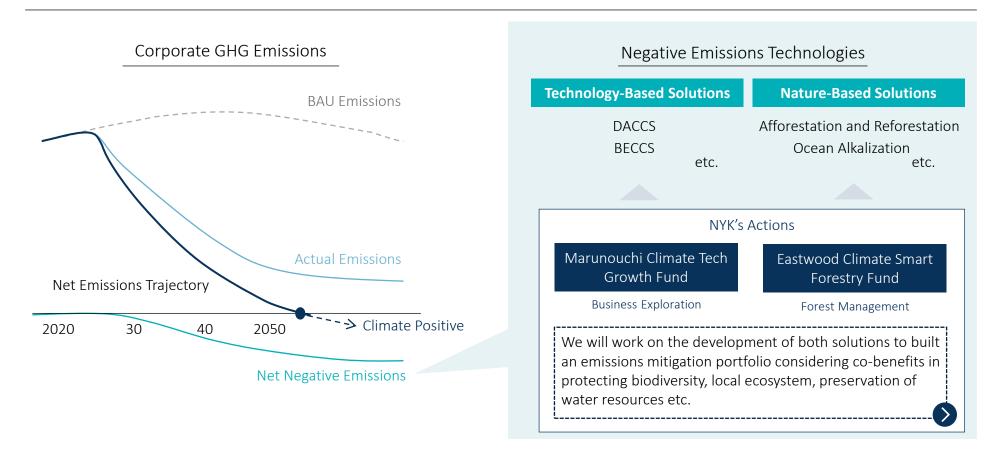
Increasing the use of bio-oils as drop-in fuels would have an intermediate effect and be a long-term solution based on a stepwise approach to keep vessels-in-operation safe.



Balancing residual GHG emissions – Role of CDR



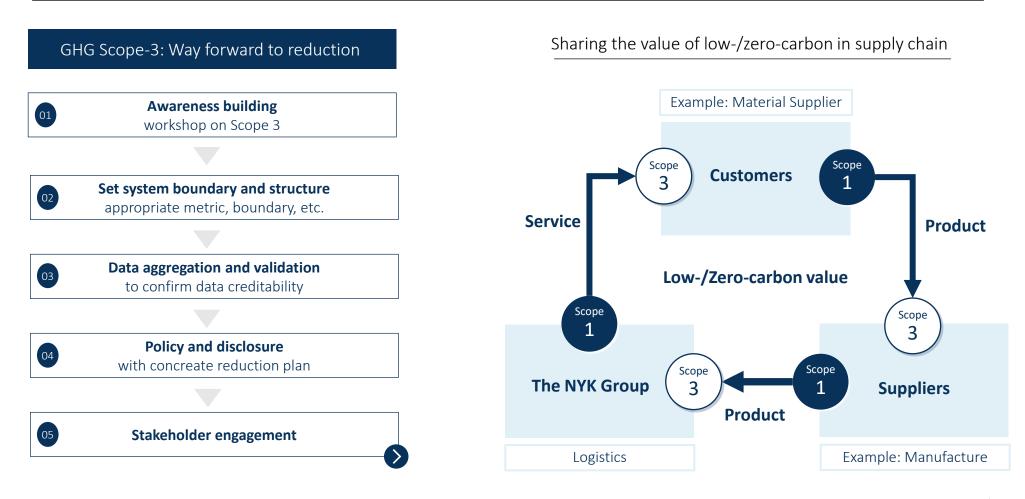
- I.5 deg. C aligned climate scenarios project the need of CDR to achieve net zero.
 - In global shipping, which is a hard-to-abate sector, a GHG emissions reduction close to 100% is expected be challenging to achieve from both technical readiness and maturity and economic standpoints
 - Carbon dioxide removal (CDR) is a necessary element to achieve net-zero CO₂ and GHG emissions both globally and nationally, counterbalancing residual emissions from hard-to-transition sectors. Reference: IPCC WG3 Chapter 12



GHG Scope-3 emissions reduction



- Stakeholder engagement is vital to success in reducing GHG scope 3 emissions.
 - It is best to engage with like-minded suppliers and customers who have ambitious targets for realizing a low-carbon society and reducing their carbon footprint of product.



Engagement – World-leading initiatives, in which NYK actively participates



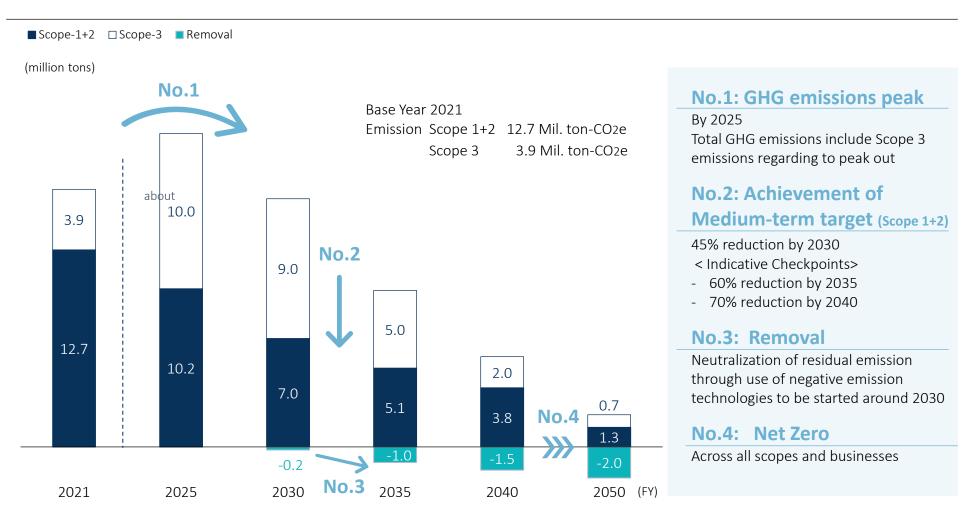
NYK is determined to join efforts and make contributions to initiatives facilitating and accelerating the decarbonization of the global maritime industry by building a neutral and open platform for cross-disciplinary collaboration, thereby becoming a global, visible driving force in decarbonizing the entire maritime industry.

Initiative	Mærsk Mc-Kinney Møller Center for Zero Carbon Shipping	
NYK Joined	In 2020 as Founding Partner	In 2023 as Strategic Partner
Location	Copenhagen, Denmark	Singapore
Founding Partners	7 ABS, A.P. Moller-Maersk, Cargill, MAN-ES, MHI, NYK Line, Siemens	7 BHP, BW, DNV, MPA, ONE, Eastern Pacific Shipping, Seatrium
Strategic Partners	24 Incl. FP	3 Hapag-Lloyd, BP, NYK LINE
Projects involved	NH3-Fueled Vessel / Bunkering Concept, Quantitative Risk Assessment, Green Shipping Corridor etc.	Drop-in Bio-oils Etc.



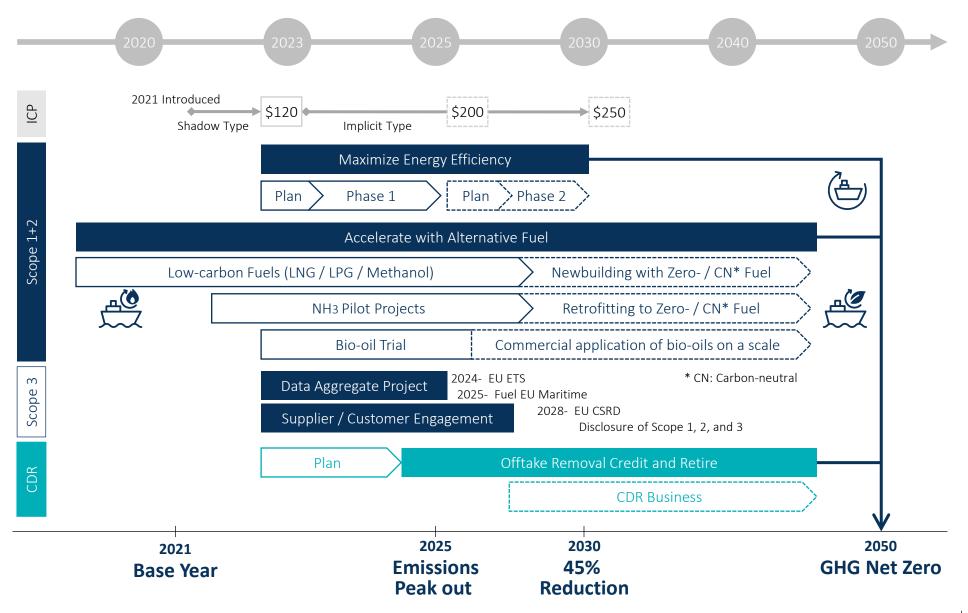
The NYK Group GHG emission trajectory toward 2050

- Efforts toward net-zero emissions by 2050
 - Four milestones are set along the reduction pathway.



Roadmap of GHG reduction plan





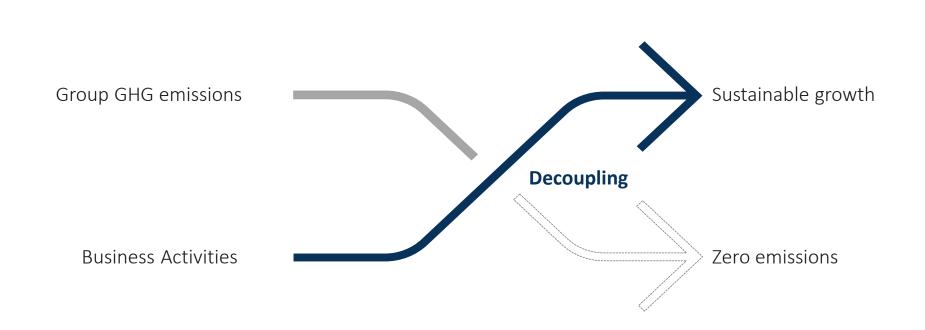


Chapter 02-2

Concept for Sustainable Growth

Sustainable growth

- Through decarbonization, the NYK Group is to achieve sustainable growth while reducing its group GHG emissions including scope 1+2+3.
 - Historically, there has been a close correlation between economic growth and environmental degradation.
 - In the transition to a sustainable society, the value of logistics may change in the eyes of the customers.



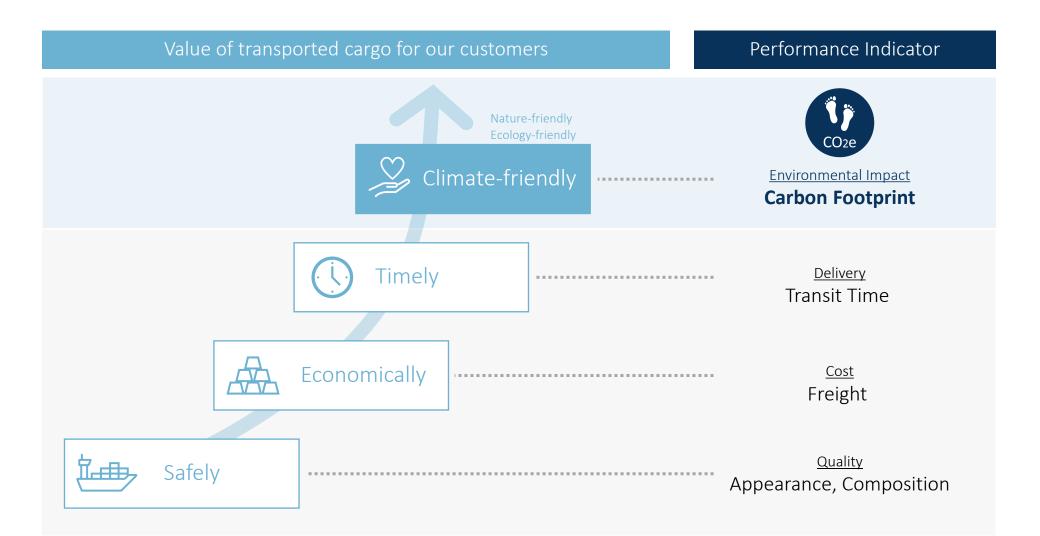
Our actions toward sustainable growth







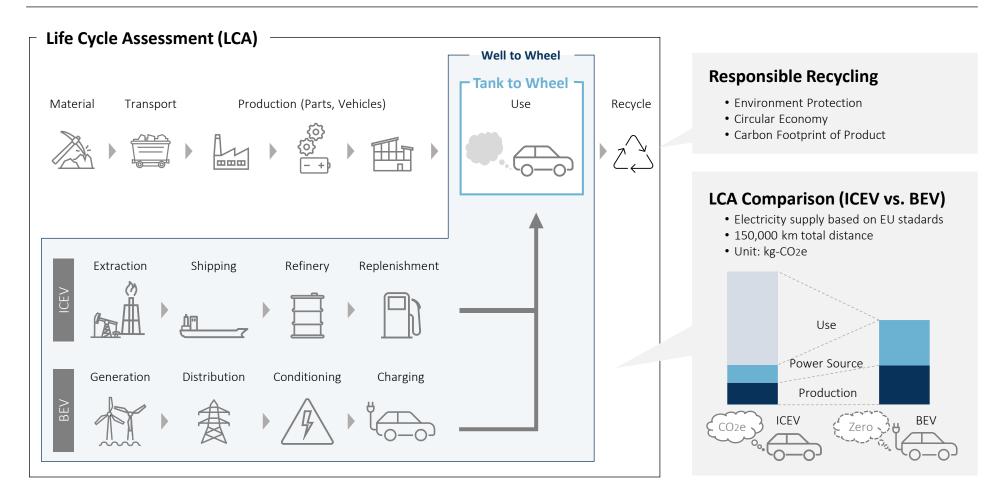
Planetary Wellbeing can be the value that the customer is willing to pay.



Expanding regulatory boundaries



With the advent of electric vehicles, the scope of the GHG regulations have expanded throughout the lifetime of a product, which will affect the logistics sector.

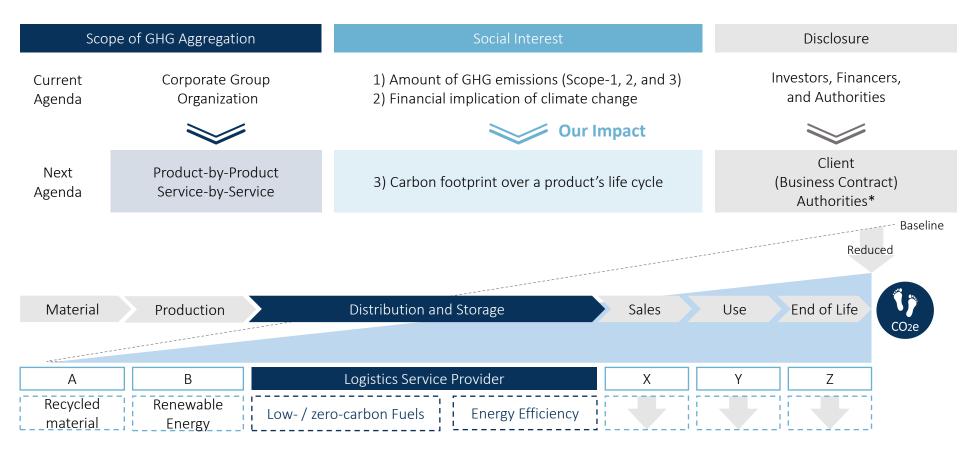


Reference: Life cycle assessment in the automotive sector (2018, Francesco Del Pero etc.) ICEV: Internal combustion engine vehicle, BEV: Battery electric vehicle

CFP (Carbon Footprint of Product) gaining momentum



- Social need for GHG reduction on a product-by-product basis
 - Attention is growing with regard to addressing GHG emissions over a product's lifetime = Carbon Footprint of Product.
 - To reduce the CFP, all players (or participants) in the supply chain have an important role and responsibility.
 - Carbon accounting now becomes key to data integration.

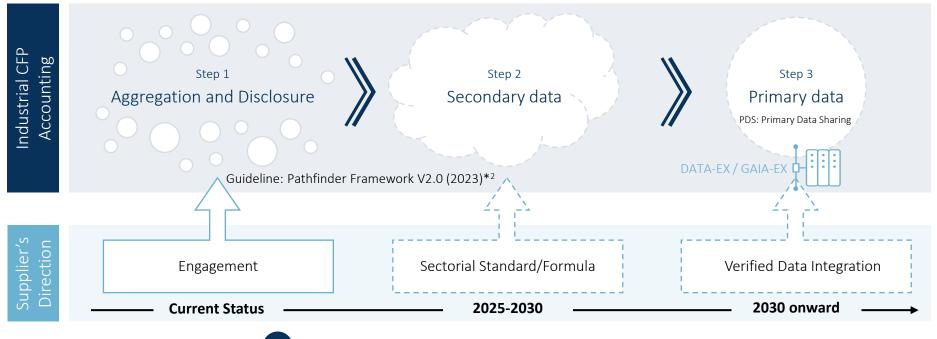


* EU: Battery Regulation, Carbon Boarder Adjustment Mechanism etc.

Data Free Flow with Trust (DFFT) enables the delivery of SDGs



- The concept of Data Free Flow with Trust (DFFT) aims to promote the free flow of data while ensuring trust in privacy, security, and intellectual property rights.
 - Free data flows can help address pollution, climate change, and other sustainability objectives by minimizing waste and increasing traceability across sustainable supply chains.
 - Reducing the carbon footprint : End-to-end supply chain transparency and sharing of actual and verified emission data, not estimates or averages, down to the individual product and supplier level is needed. *1



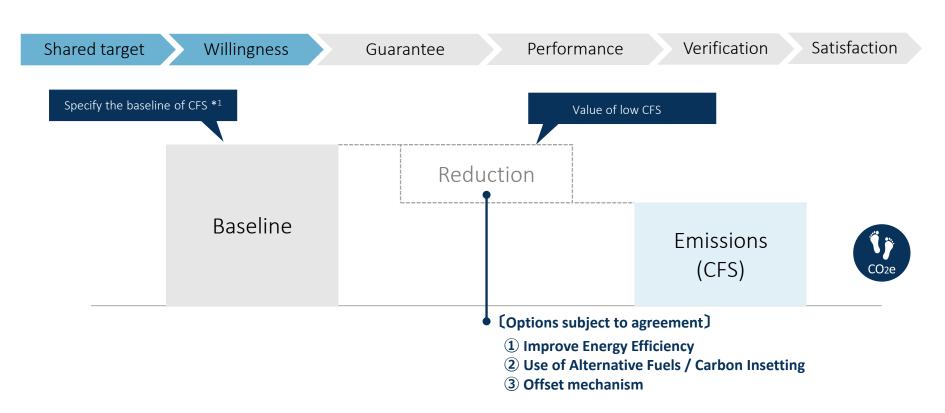
*1: Source: https://www.digital.go.jp/en/dfft-en

*2: WBCSD Pathfinder Framework

https://www.wbcsd.org/Programs/Climate-and-Energy/Climate/SOS-1.5/Resources/Pathfinder-Framework-Version-2.0

Valuating carbon footprint of service (CFS)

- The nature of carbon footprints is invisible. The credibility of emission data to prove the footprint becomes important as a performance indicator for the customer and service provider.
 - Credibility = Data Transparency + Traceability + Accountability
- Low CFS is to valuate the GHG reductions from the agreed baseline.

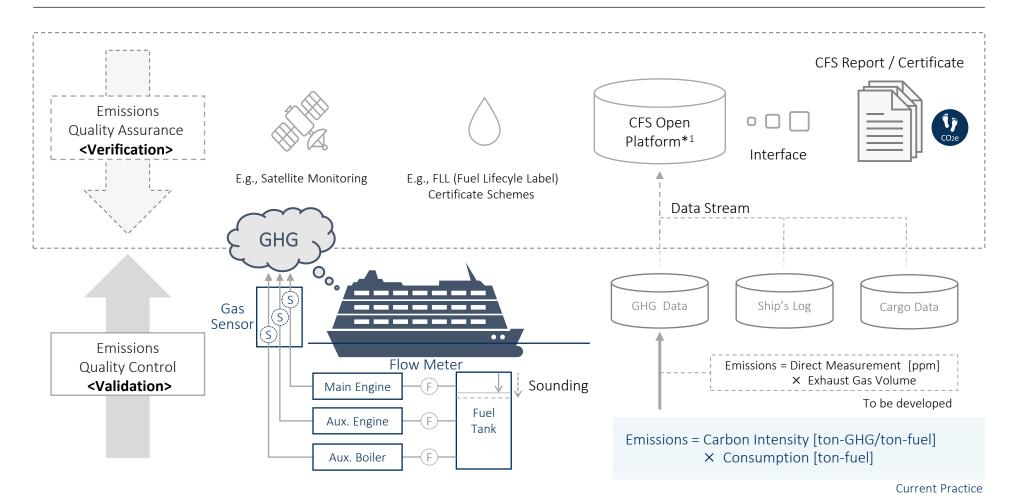


*1: It may refer to Industrial Standard or it can be set as project specific baseline subject to mutual agreement.

GHG emission data quality control and assurance (GEQC/QA)



The demand for emission data assurance may grow to ensure that actual GHG missions are consistent with the self-declared amounts.

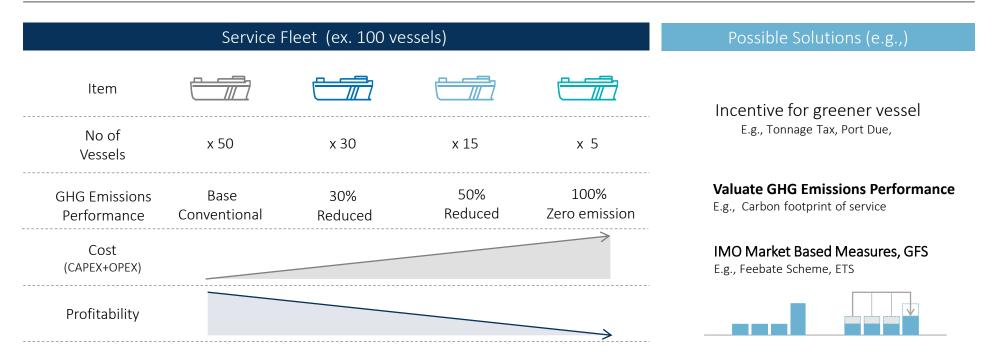


Carbon Intensity: Default value or figure in BDN: Bunker delivery note *1 Example: IoS-OP (Internet of Ships Open Platform)

Commercial barriers in the transition to a decarbonized society



- We need to find a solution to unlock the potential of our decarbonization actions.
 - Industries are fragmented and stakeholders have different interests and mindsets.
 - A level playing field in the IMO (regulatory framework) is expected from 2025 onwards at the earliest.
 - Frequent rule changes could inhibit investments due to the lack of predictability.
 - The lifetime of an oceangoing vessel is about 15 to 25 years. Supply chain of alternative fuels needs to cover most of the ports in the world. So, the transition to a decarbonized society in maritime is likely to take time.
 - How can we accelerate the transition with a limited number of vessels sailing with blue/green fuels?

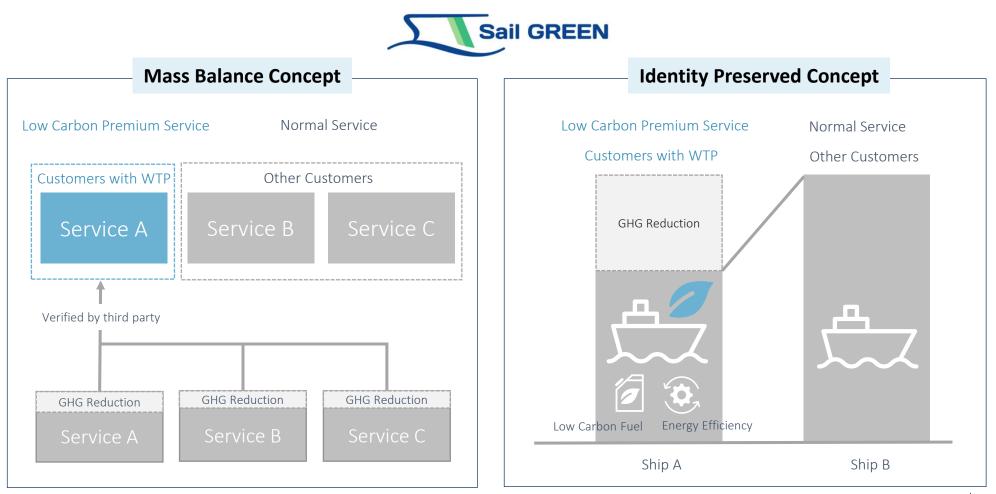


Owner/Operator's willingness to reinvestment to greener fleet will not be promoted.

Corporate brand ready for use



Sail GREEN is a brand that emphasizes NYK's efforts to reduce GHG emissions through the transport of goods and contribute to the eco-friendly supply chains of customers, regardless of the mode of transport (e.g., by sea or land, through terminals, etc.).

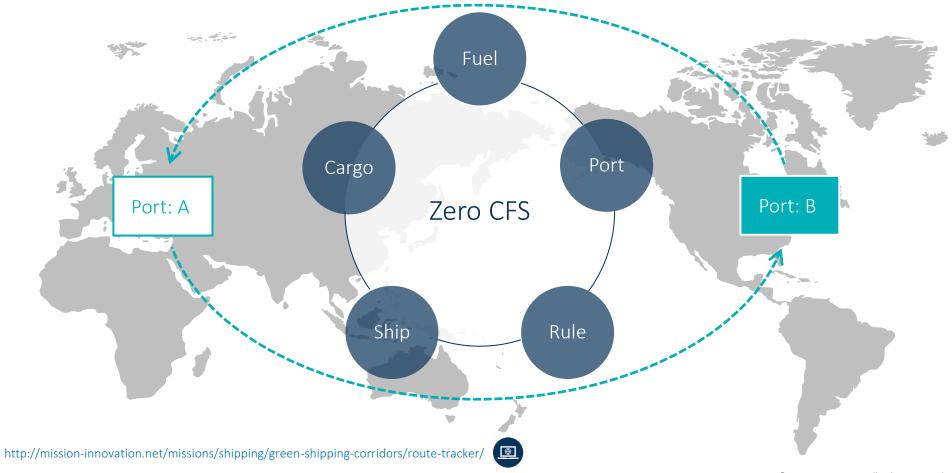


Showcase of zero carbon shipping to accelerate decarbonization



Green Shipping Corridor Projects

• Green shipping corridors are expected to act as a catalyst for the global energy transition by providing frameworks for regional and international stakeholders to collaborate on maritime decarbonization goals while aligning with broader regional, national, and international decarbonization initiatives. (reference: ABS – Green Shipping Corridors)

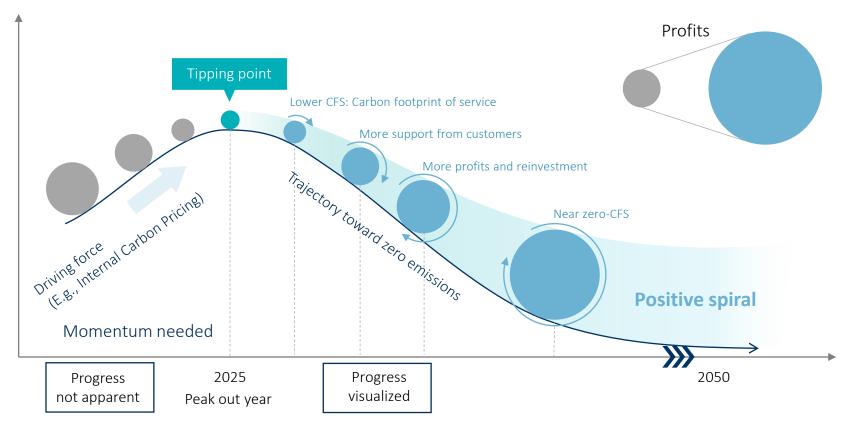


Business growth though the transition to net zero



The trajectory toward net-zero emissions shows how NYK will sustainably generate profits through the transition to decarbonization.

Profitability vs. levels of GHG emissions



Sustainable growth plan in the context of decarbonization





*1 WTP: Willingness to pay *2 AF: Alternative fuel *3 EE: Energy efficiency *4 CC: Carbon capture

Bringing value to life.

Our journey is to be continued.

Please look forward to the sequel of this story.

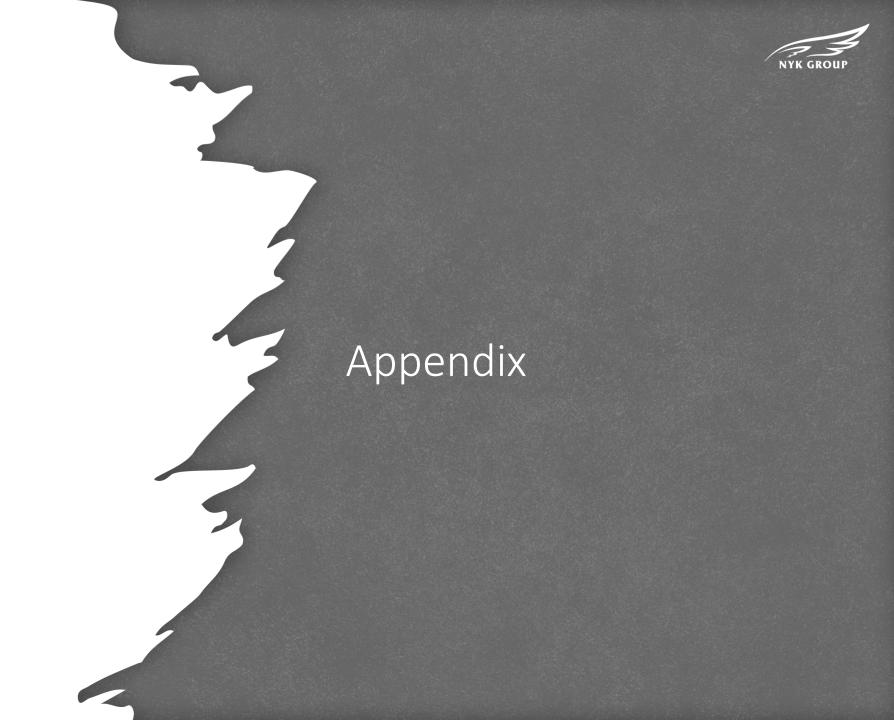


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System to manage our environmental responsibilities

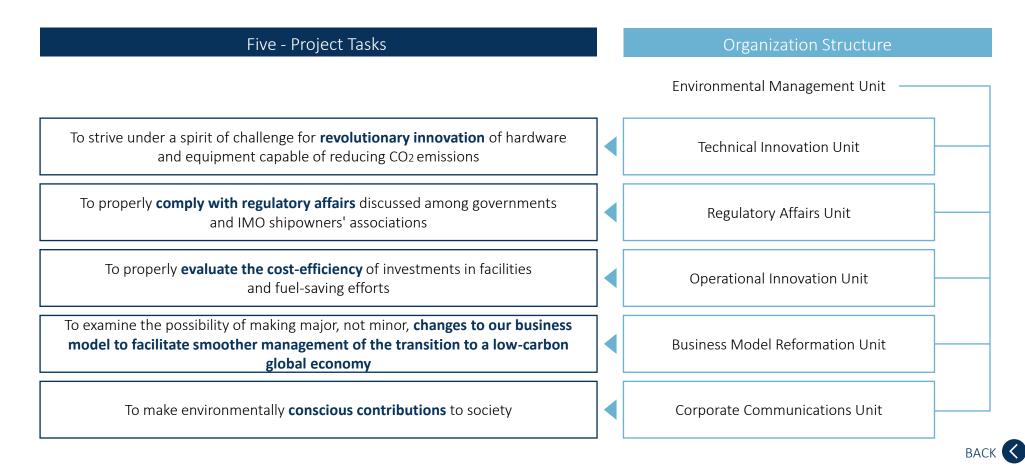


- ✓ We have been ISO-certified since 2002, the first shipping company to achieve this recognition.
 - ISO 14001, internationally agreed standard that helps improve the performance through more efficient use of resources, allowing us to gain a competitive advantage and the trust of stakeholders.
 - System coverage now extends to our 66 sites and the fleet being operated by the NYK Group.



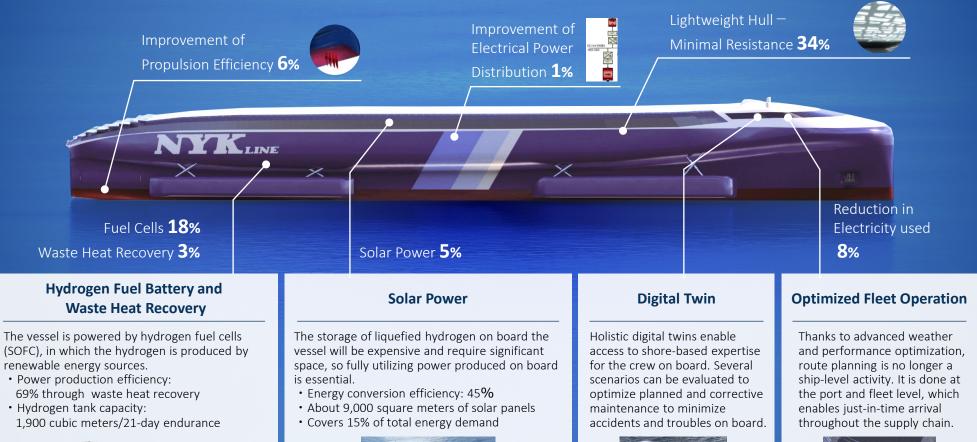
NYK Cool Earth Project launched in 2008

- Special programs led by the strong leadership of top management in response to increasing concerns over environmental issues.
 - The launching of the "Earth Is Our Home" campaign, the introduction of e-learning focusing on global warming, and the establishment of an advocacy policy are some examples of said programs.





✓ 100% reduction in CO₂ Emissions







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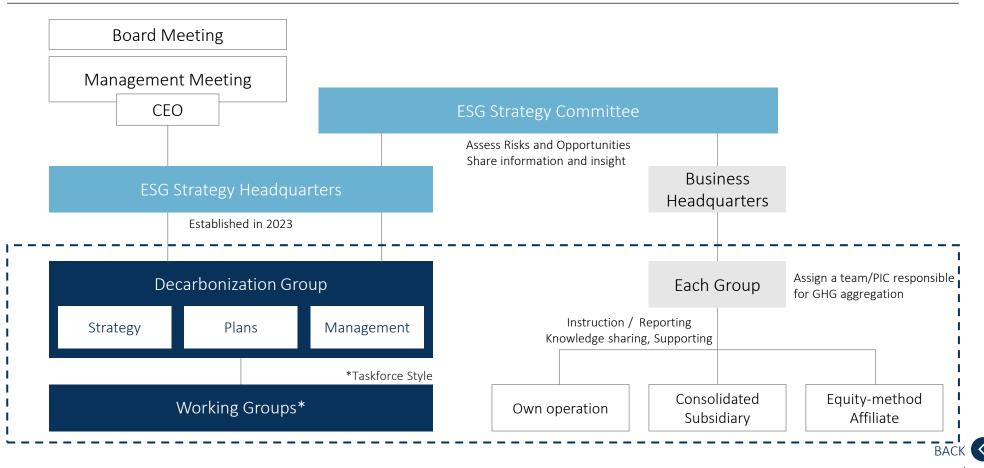
Positioning of decarbonization strategy

- Achieving our decarbonization strategy requires a cross-functional approach involving all our businesses.
 - Courage, collaboration, care, and determination are key to promoting decarbonization activities.*



Decarbonization governing structure

- A "Center of Excellence" style structure has been adopted, which separates policy-making and business execution.
 - Each business group oversees its own emissions-reduction program for its business operations as well as for consolidated subsidiaries and equity-method affiliates. The Decarbonization Group in ESG Strategy Headquarters is responsible for the NYK Group's decarbonization strategy, planning, and program management.

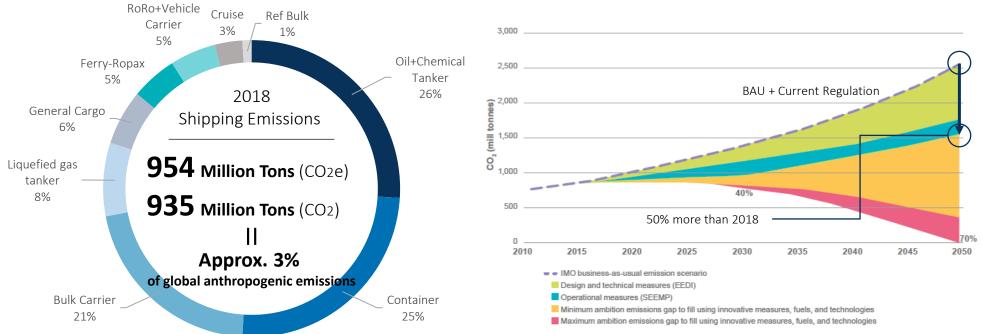


GHG emissions from shipping – IMO 4th GHG Study

Published in 2020, GHG emissions from the shipping segment were estimated to be about 1,000 million ton-CO2e as of 2018.

This amount accounted for **about 3.0%** of global anthropogenic emissions.

• In 2050, about 1.5 times more emissions than the 2018 estimate are expected based on the BAU and current regulations in force (EEDI+SEEMP).



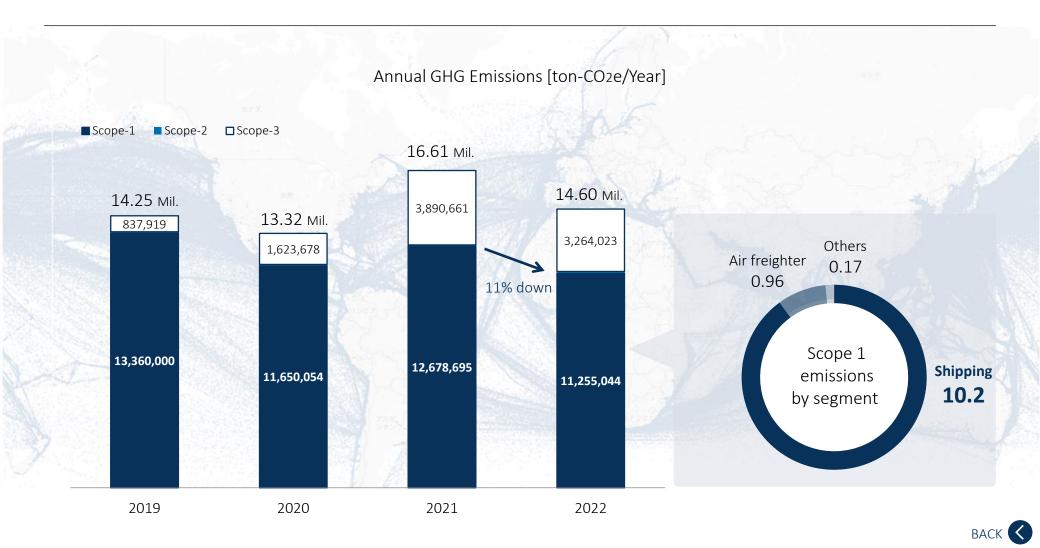


GREENHOUSE GAS STUDY

GHG emissions from NYK Group in FY 2022



- The NYK Group's direct scope 1 emissions amounted to 11.3 Million ton-CO₂e in 2022
 - 11% reduction from the base year of 2021.



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Awareness building

- To take appropriate actions and build solutions, we must first to understand the climate agenda, that we are currently facing.
 - In 2023, a series of "Climate Fresk" workshops was arranged for persons in charge of GHG emission data aggregation in each group.
 - Other than the above, a training program (e-learning), workshop and opportunities to learn about importance of climate action have been provided to build a sense of urgency on climate change.



The facts in Climate Fresk are sourced from the most respected scientific publications: the IPCC reports. These are the same reports that inform global political and economic decision-making at the highest level. Climate Fresk is neutral and objective and presents only established scientific facts.

Code Advisory Climate Fresk



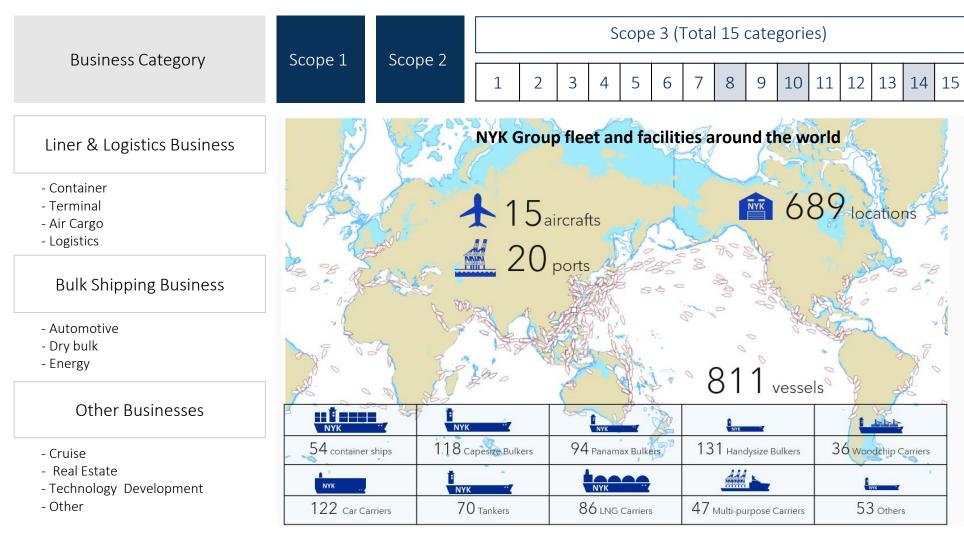




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The first step is to aggregate GHG data from all assets and operations of the NYK Group.

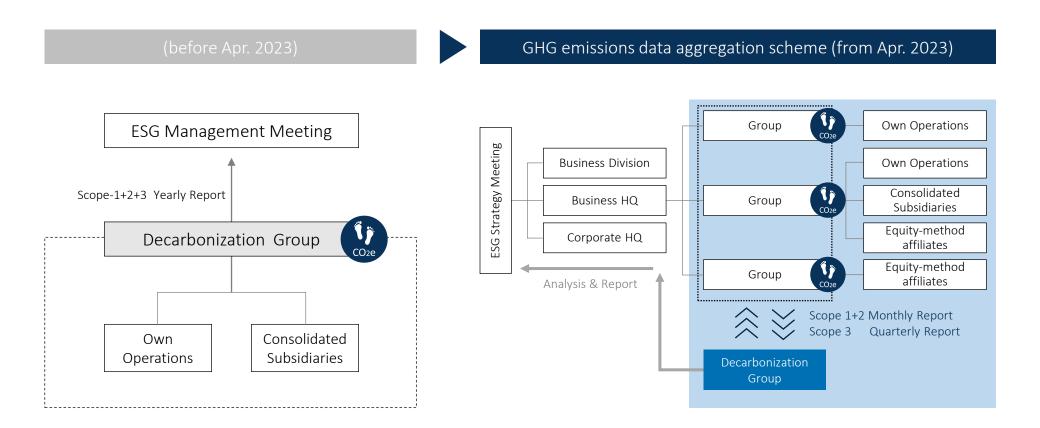


The NYK Group's GHG emissions data aggregation (2/3)



A project has been established to enhance the aggregation of GHG emissions data across all scopes and all the NYK Group businesses.

[Task-1] GHG data ownership to be transferred to each business division and headquarters to enable them to utilize GHG data in ways tailored to their respective businesses



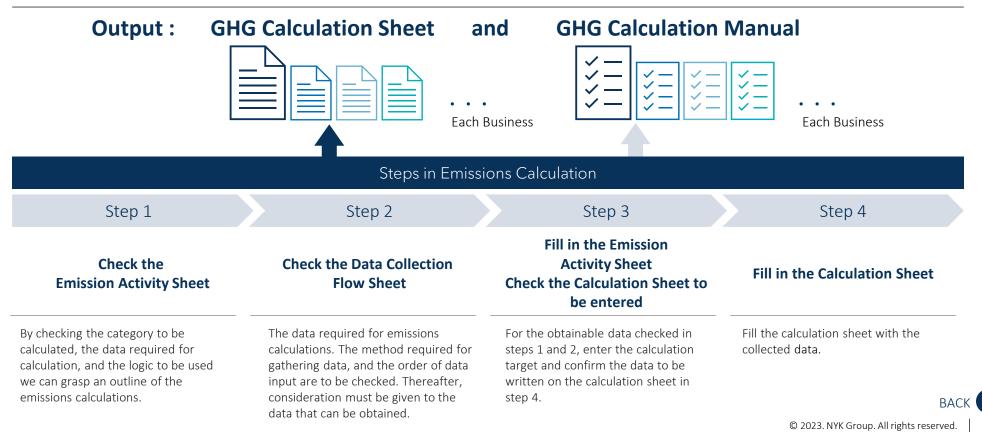
The NYK Group's GHG emissions data aggregation (3/3)



A project has been established to enhance the aggregation of GHG emission data across all scopes and all the NYK Group businesses.

[Task-2] GHG Scope 3 emissions data to be aggregated across all NYK Group

It seems to be a simple but complicated task ahead of us. Putting in a range of NYK Group businesses, a well-structured system and providing dedicated support to those responsible for carbon accounting across not only a range of NYK Line businesses but also the entire Group are important. For this reason, NYK appointed a consultancy service to promote the NYK Group's efforts.



Technology trends in the context of decarbonization



- Oriving digital and energy transformation induces innovation toward carbon neutrality.
 - Cyber-physical systems will enhance safety and energy risk management and optimize design and operations.



- Front-Loading Design with 3D models
- Model-Based Systems Engineering (MBSE)
- Autonomous Ship Project DFFAS
- Establishment of Maritime and Ocean Digital Engineering Cooperation Program
- Remote Diagnostics Center (Expert-in-the-loop)
- Cybersecurity Concept of Operation
- NYK Emissions Monitor
- Fleet Emission Simulator

- Design and Risk Assessment of Safe and Efficient Use of Alternative Fuel and Actual Operation
- Installation of ESDs: Energy-Saving Devices, Battery-Hybrid, Wind-Assisted, Engine Derating Waste Heat Recovery, Shore Power Systems Air-lubrication, etc.
- Bio-oil Trial and Assessment Program
- In-House Gas fuel Training Course





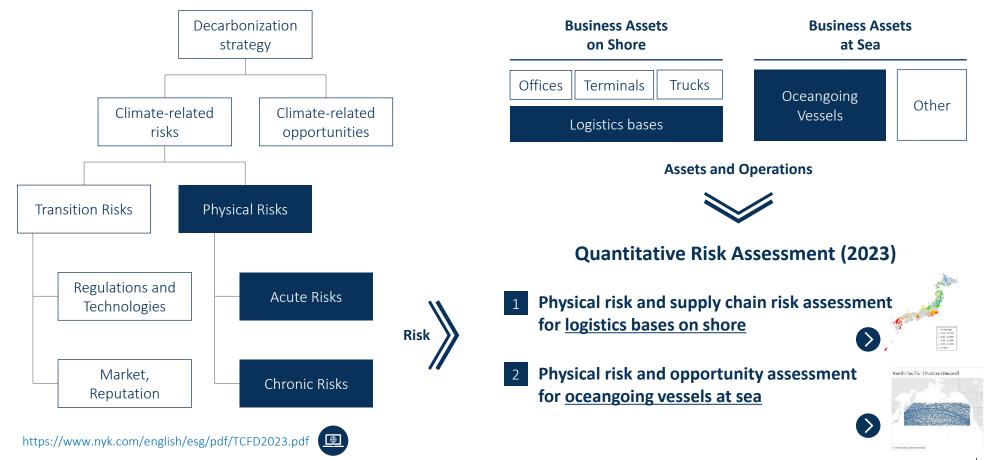
Shell's Solutions Identified	Our action (Business resource allocation)				
Scale Up Customer Demand	Emphasizing the importance of reduction throughout the supply chain of a product (E.g., Use of green Steel for newbuilding <u>https://nbpc.co.jp/news/4062</u>)				
Global Regulatory Alignment	Creating a level playing field globally through involvement in industrial groups, advisory body of Japanese government for IMO agenda and various initiatives. Examples of our initiatives at <u>https://www.nyk.com/english/esg/concept/initiatives/</u>				
Cross-sector Research and Development	Intensifying partnerships through participation in Maersk Mc-Kinney Moller Center for Zero Carbon Shipping, Global Maritime Forum, and Global Center for Maritime Decarbonization, among others to come.				
Scale up Controlled Pilot Projects	Launching small scale NH3 fueled pilot project for a Tug and applying the lessons learned to the large-scale projects as NYK did for the application of LNG as fuel.				
Coordinated industry commitments	Increasing the reach of existing initiatives to be in line with our policies.				
Flexible and Modular Design	Leading the dual-fueled concept design applicable to various types of vessels.				
Port Coalitions	Actively participated in Green Shipping Corridor Projects.				
Investor Pressure	Increasing the depth of engagement with stakeholders over climate agenda.				
Green Finance	Use of green-related loans such as green bond (2018) / transition bond (2023)				
Scale-up Fuel Production	Joined forces to help decarbonize hard-to-abate sectors (2021) Invested in Tsubame BHP for producing NH3 with less energy (2021)				
Scale-up Bunkering Infrastructure	LNG bunkering business				
Operational Efficiency	Fleet upkeeping project ongoing across the shipping businesses. Continuous efforts to improve operational efficiency				



Path planning – Risks and opportunities



The first report (TCFD Report) was published in 2022 and widely covers NYK's business through a qualitative assessment to evaluate the financial impact of climate change. The report's coverage has now been extended to encompass a quantitative approach to evaluate the physical risks on specific businesses vulnerable to the threat of climate change.

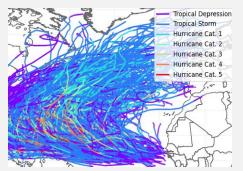


Risk and opportunity – Quantitative assessment (on shore)



The modeling and conditioning of climate change risk assessments regarding onshore assets is performed.

Wind risk assessment model



Evaluates wind risk of tropical cyclones (TCs) based on past meteorological data

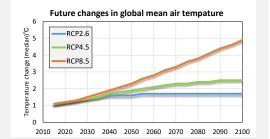
Flood risk assessment model



Evaluates flood risk based on published flood inundation maps

Risk calculation under the <u>future</u> climate

Incorporates future changes in TCs and floods utilizing literature and various climate change projection data.



Considered future changes

- Changes in TC frequency and intensity
- Changes in severe rainfall frequency and intensity
- Sea-level rise

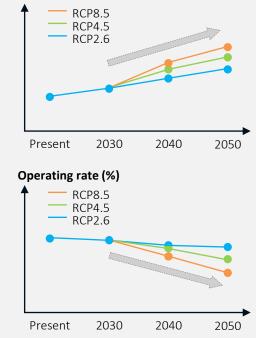
Risk calculation under the present climate

Climate change risk assessments

Output:

- \$ XX increase in asset depreciation until 2050.
- YoY decrease of YY % in operating rate until 2050.

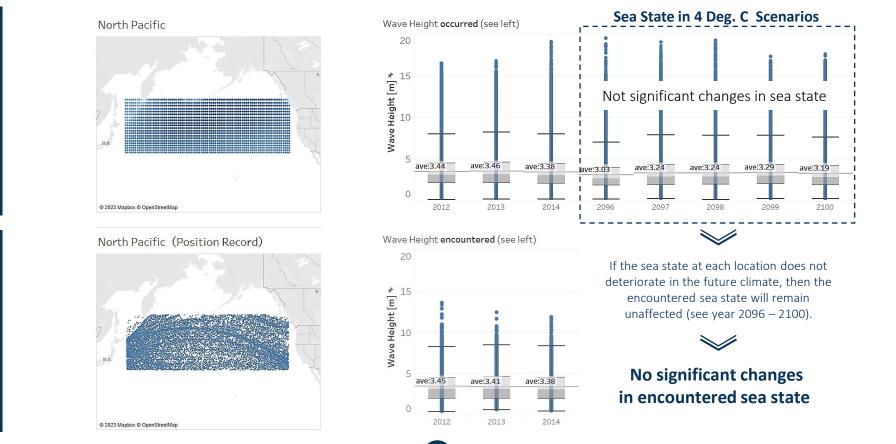
Loss (JPY)



Risks and opportunities – Quantitative assessment (at sea)



- Physical risk and opportunity assessment for oceangoing vessels at sea
 - Question: How severely will the shipping activity be impacted by the future climate ?
 - **Our View:** An increase in physical risks such as asset integrity, cargo damage, fuel consumption, GHG emissions due to the maritime weather in the future climate is not anticipated in this study but will review further.



Source: CISRO's CMIP6 global wind-wave 21st century climate projections phase 1 https://data.csiro.au/collection/csiro:53176

Path Planning – Setting targets (comparison with past targets)



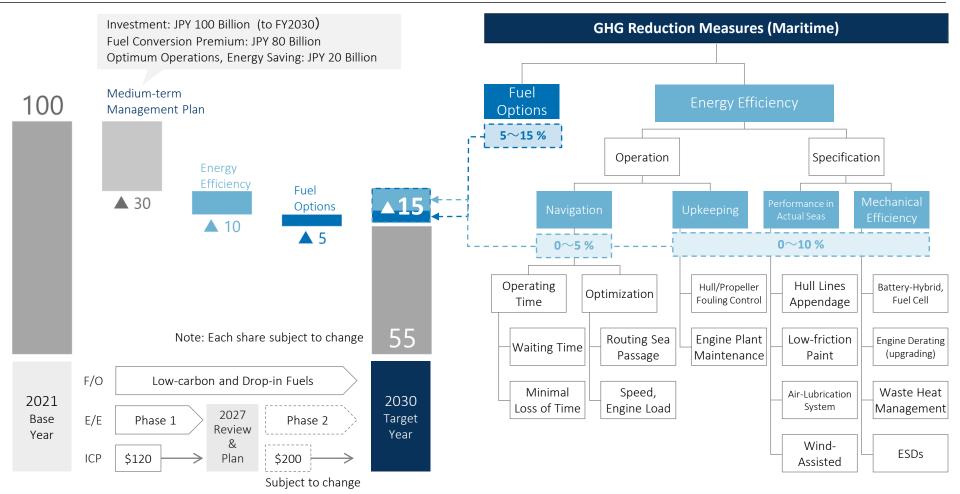
✓ Aligned to the IPCC 1.5 deg. C scenario shows the resolute determination.

			Before			New
		Announce	ement of Net-Ze	ero Emissions		GHG Reduction Target (2023)
Re	leased			Sep. 30, 20	D21 E	November 2023
Tar	get Year			2050	D21	2050
	jective			Net-Zero Emi		(Re-defined) Net-Zero Emission
	icope			Oceangoing Bu		GHG Scope-1/2/3 Across all NYK Group Businesses
		History			Latest Management Plan	GHG Reduction Target (2023)
Released	2008	2011	2014	2018	March 2023	November 2023
Medium-term Management Plan	New Horizon 2010	More Than Shipping 2013	More Than Shipping 2018	Staying Ahead 2022	Sail Green, Drive Transformation 2026	NYK Group ESG Story 2023 (NYK Group Decarbonization Story)
Base Year	2006	2010	2010	2015	2021 2030	Base Year 2021
Target Year	2013	2015	2018	2030	2030	Target Year 2030
Unit	Efficiency	Efficiency	Efficiency	Efficiency	Absolute	Unit: Absolute GHG Emission
Target Reduction	10%	10%	15%	30%	30% - (Int'l Shipping)	Reduction 45% GHG Scope 1 + 2
Result	-	▲13.4% (2015)	▲14.3% (2017)	+6.4% (2021)	- 10% (Other)	(Indicative Checkpoints) 60% / 2035, 70% / 2040

Path Planning – Updating the target (Medium-term management plan)



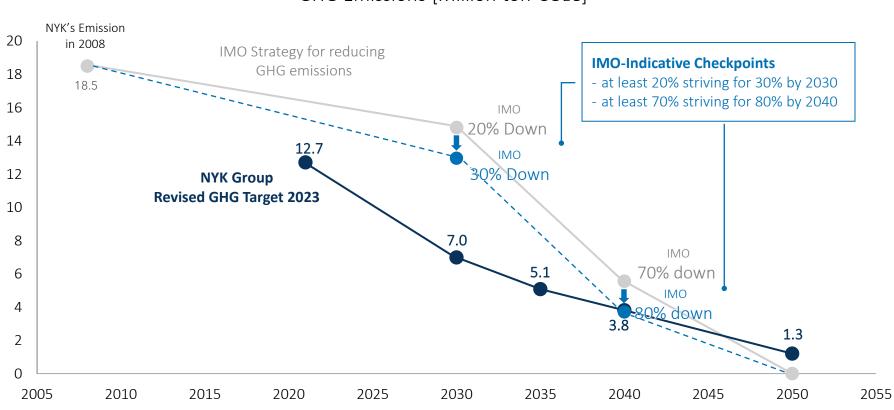
We shall reduce GHG emissions by a further 15% beyond our reference in the latest medium-term management plan by improving energy efficiency under ICP scheme and using low-carbon fuels such as bio-oils.



F/O: Fuel options, E/E: Energy efficiency, ICP: Internal carbon pricing



✓ In 2023 IMO strategy on reduction of GHG Emissions from Ships was adopted in MEPC-80



GHG Emissions [Million ton-CO2e]

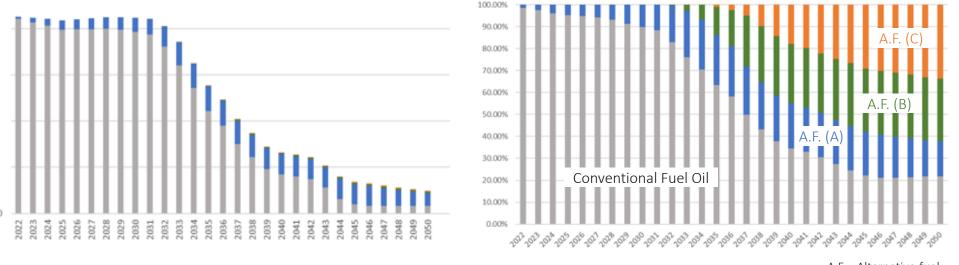
Zero Pathfinder – an integrated simulation system

- The Zero Pathfinder system performs techno-economic-based simulations incorporating actual performance and operational profile data to assess fuel options, GHG reduction trajectories and the total cost impact, under parameters such as operational speed, operational ratio, improvement in energy efficiency, carbon prices and future fuel prices are included.
 - Use Case: 1. Scenario Study 2. Carbon Budget Setting

Corporate GHG Emissions [ton-CO2/year]

G Emissions [ton-CO2/vear]

Fuel Share of NYK Fleet [%]





A.F. : Alternative fuel

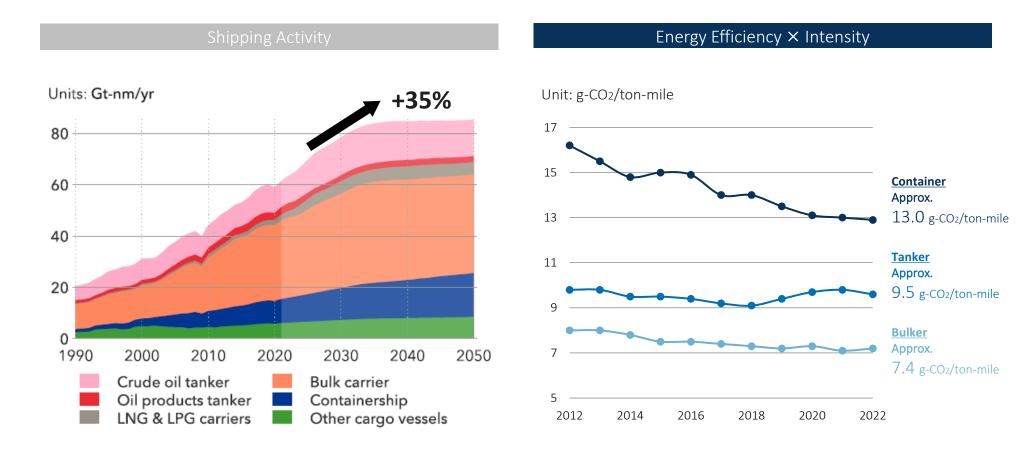


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Shipping activity and energy efficiency \times intensity



To reduce the shipping activity for the purpose of GHG reduction is not an option.



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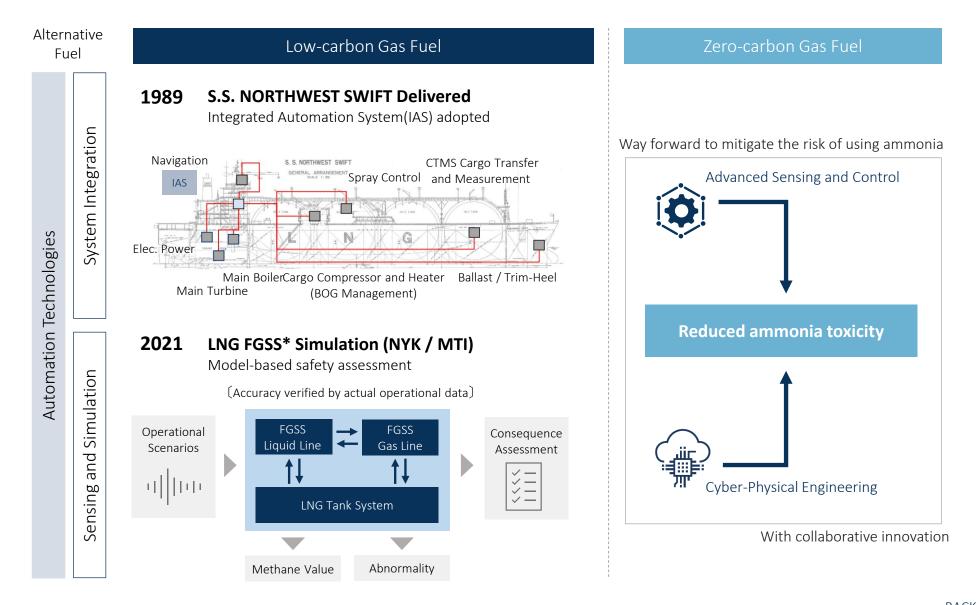


Alternative Fuel	Low-carbon Gas Fuel			Zero-carbon Gas Fuel			
Molecule	CH4	Cryogenic -162 Deg. C		Refrigerated *1 -33 Deg. C	ΝНз		
Cargo	LNG Carrier	Since 1983 86 Vessels Excluding ordered.		Since 2002 7 Vessels incl. ordered.			
Bunkering	LBV LNG Bunker Vsl.	Green Zeebrugge World first purpose built, 2017 Kaguya Japan's first purpose built, 2020	TBA Approved Design In Principle, 2022		ABV NH3 Bunker Vsl.		
Fuel	LFV LNG Fueled Vsl.	Sakigake Japan's first LNGDF TUG, 2016 Auto Eco / Energy World first LNGDF PCTC, 2016	Pilot Project Commercial Scale	TBA Japan's first NH3DF TUG, 2024 TBA The first NH3DF AGC, 2026	AFV NH3 Fueled Vsl.		
	Marit		ing and Operating \ hip Management,	/essels Marine Consulting / Technical Se	rvice		
NYK Core Competence	Elemental Techno - Hull Structure, Cargo - Engine, Machinery, E	e Equipment - Capacity, /	ntegration Arrangement Diagram		ition tion, Trouble Shooting ation and Feedback		
	A Tech	nical Capability in Design Feedb	A back and Operation	al Concept			

*1: It is also possible to carry ammonia in pressurized state (at ambient temp.) or semi-refrigerated state (10-20 deg.)

LNG – NH₃ pathway for tech-driven transition (2/2)





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NETs (Negative Emission Technologies)



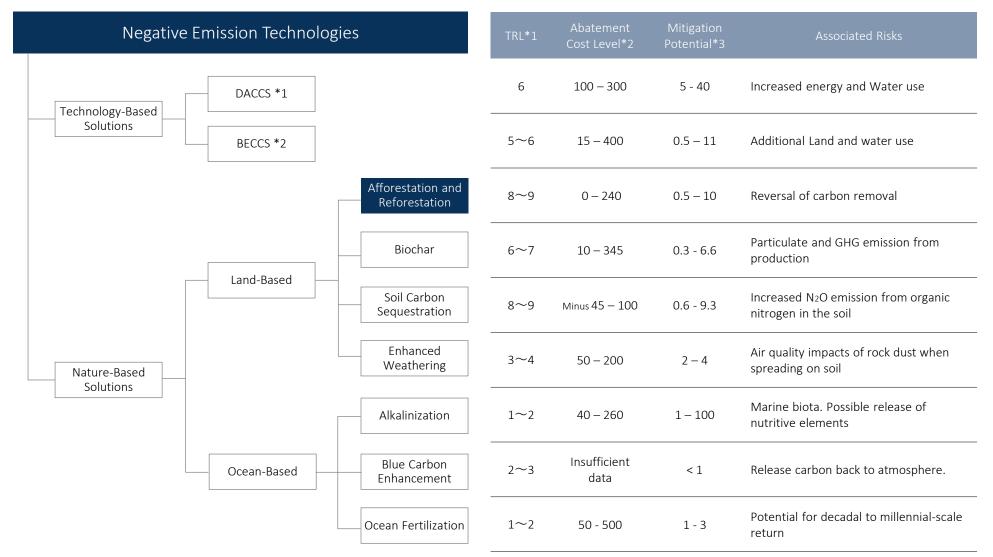


Figure and Table : Negative Emission Technologies and the evaluation (as of 2023).

*1: DACCS: Direct air carbon dioxide capture and storage

*2: BECCS: Bio-energy with carbon dioxide capture and storage

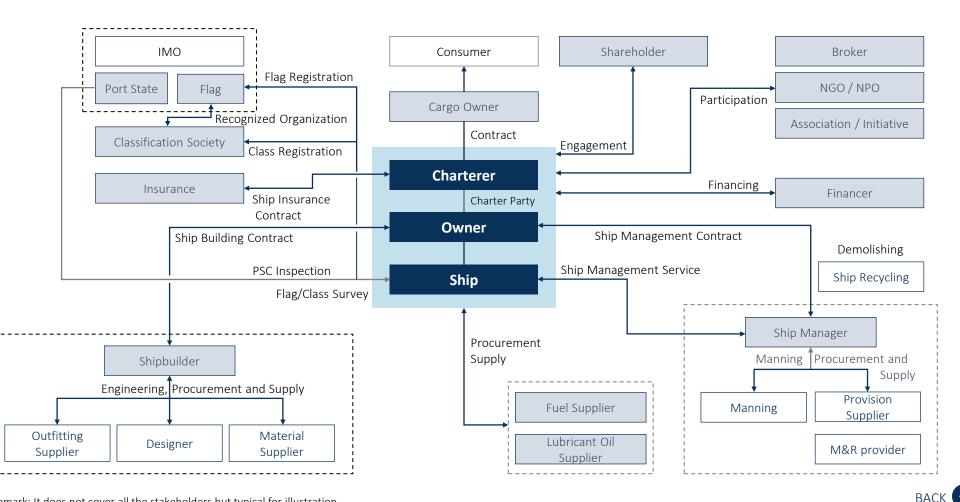
*1 TRL: Technology Readiness Level, *2 Unit: \$/ton-CO2e *3 Unit: Giga ton-CO2e/Year

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Stakeholders in the maritime industry



 Collaboration among stakeholders in the shipping ecosystem play an important role in decarbonization.



Remark: It does not cover all the stakeholders but typical for illustration